SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: MAPEPROOF ESM /A

Trade code: 9024201

UFI: R8V7-W06X-100Q-K9VS

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Epoxy resins

Uses advised against: Data not available.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: MAPEI U.K. Ltd - Mapei House Steel Park Road
Halesowen - West Midlands B62 8HD

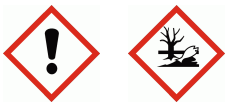
phone: +44(0)121 508 6970 - fax: +44(0)121 5086 960 - www.mapei.co.uk (office hour 8:30-17:30)

Responsable: sicurezza@mapei.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

call NHS 111 or a doctor/OHES Environmental Ltd +44(0)333 333 9962

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Skin Irrit. 2	Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irrit. 2	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Sens. 1B	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Aquatic Chronic 2	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Hazard pictograms and Signal Word

Warning

Hazard statements

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P261	Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P391	Collect spillage.

Special Provisions:

EUH205	Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains

Oxirane, (chloromethyl)-, polymer
with .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-
hydroxypoly(oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl))

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products
with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Other Hazards: No other hazards

This product contains crystalline silica (quartz sand). IARC has classified crystalline silica as a Group 1 carcinogen. Both IARC and NTP consider silica as a known human carcinogen. Evidence is based on the chronic and long-term exposure workers have had to respirable sized crystalline silica dust particles. Because this product is in liquid or paste form, it does not pose a dust hazard; therefore, this classification is not relevant. (Note: sanding of the hardened product may create a silica dust hazard)

This preparation contains low molecular weight epoxy resins. Cross sensitisation to other epoxies is possible. Avoid also exposure to spray mist and vapour.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not Relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: MAPEPROOF ESM /A

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥50 - <75 %	bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	CAS:1675-54-3, 25085-99-8 EC:216-823-5 Index:603-073-00-2	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 5%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 C ≥ 5%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319	01-2119456619-26-XXXX
≥10 - <20 %	Oxirane, (chloromethyl)-, polymer with .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl))	CAS:9072-62-2 EC:618-635-2	Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
≥5 - <10 %	Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol	CAS:9003-36-5 EC:701-263-0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; Skin Sens. 1, H317	01-2119454392-40-XXXX
≥5 - <10 %	bis(isopropyl)naphthalene	CAS:38640-62-9 EC:254-052-6	Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	01-2119565150-48-XXXX
≥5 - <10 %		CAS:100-51-6 EC:202-859-9 Index:603-057-00-5	Acute Tox. 4, H332; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Eye Irrit. 2, H319	01-2119492630-38-XXXX
≥2.5 - <5 %	dipropyleneglycol methyl ether	CAS:34590-94-8 EC:252-104-2	Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit.	01-2119450011-60-xxxx

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist

immediately.
Protect uninjured eye.
In case of Ingestion:
Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.
In case of Inhalation:
Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye irritation
Eye damages
Skin Irritation
Erythema

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).
Treatment:
(see paragraph 4.1)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:
Water.
Carbon dioxide (CO_2).
Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:
None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.
Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.
Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

Wear personal protection equipment.
Remove persons to safety.
See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

Wear personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
Limit leakages with earth or sand.
In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand
Wash with plenty of water.
Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.
Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.
Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.
Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.
Do not eat or drink while working.
See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
CAS: 100-51-6	National	FINLAND	Long Term: 45 mg/m3 - 10 ppm
	National	POLAND	Long Term: 240 mg/m3
	DFG	GERMANY	Short Term: Ceiling - 44 mg/m3 - 10 ppm
	National	GERMANY	Long Term: 22 mg/m3 - 5 ppm
	NDS	POLAND	Long Term: 240 mg/m3
	National	CZECH REPUBLIC	Long Term: 40 mg/m3
	National	LATVIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3
	National	CZECH REPUBLIC	Short Term: Ceiling - 80 mg/m3
	National	BULGARIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3
	National	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3
	National	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 22 mg/m3 - 5 ppm; Short Term: 44 mg/m3 - 10 ppm
dipropyleneglycol methyl ether CAS: 34590-94-8	SUVA		Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
	NDS		Long Term: 240 mg/m3
	National		Long Term: 303 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 600 mg/m3 - 100 ppm
	National		Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 450 mg/m3 - 75 ppm Short-term value, 15 minutes average value
	National		Long Term: 310 mg/m3 - 50 ppm hud
	National		Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm H
	NDSCh		Long Term: 480 mg/m3
	EU		Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Skin
	ACGIH		Long Term: 100 ppm; Short Term: 150 ppm Skin - Eye and URT irr, CNS impair
	DFG	GERMANY	Short Term: Ceiling - 310 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
	ACGIH		Long Term: 100 ppm; Short Term: 150 ppm Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route;CNS impairment;eye and upper respiratory tract irritation
	National	SWEDEN	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
	National	FRANCE	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
	National	SPAIN	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
	National	GREECE	Long Term: 600 mg/m3 - 100 ppm; Short Term: 900 mg/m3 - 150 ppm
	National	DENMARK	Long Term: 309 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
	National	FINLAND	Long Term: 310 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
	National	GERMANY	Long Term: 310 mg/m3 - 50 ppm

National	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 150 ppm
National	NORWAY	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 375 mg/m3 - 75 ppm
National	BELGIUM	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
NDS	POLAND	Long Term: 240 mg/m3
NDSCh	POLAND	Short Term: 480 mg/m3
CHE	SWITZERLAND	Short Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
NDS	NETHERLANDS	Long Term: 300 mg/m3
National	CZECH REPUBLIC	Long Term: 270 mg/m3
National	HUNGARY	Long Term: 308 mg/m3
Malaysia OEL	MALAYSIA	Long Term: 606 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Skin notation
National	ESTONIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
National	LATVIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
National	CZECH REPUBLIC	Short Term: Ceiling - 550 mg/m3
National	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
National	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 924 mg/m3 - 150 ppm
National	BULGARIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
National	ROMANIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
TUR	TURKEY	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
National	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 450 mg/m3 - 75 ppm
National	CROATIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
EU		Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Behaviour Indicative Possibility of significant uptake through the skin
National	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm
National	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 450 mg/m3 - 75 ppm
ACGIH		Long Term: 50 ppm CNS and liver effects (listed under Dipropylene glycol methyl ether)
National	DENMARK	Long Term: 309 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 618 mg/m3 - 100 ppm

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol CAS: 9003-36-5	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 10 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0.003 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.294 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0.0003 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.0294 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 0.237 mg/kg
CAS: 100-51-6	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 1 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0.1 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 5.27 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.527 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 39 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 0.45 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Intermittent release; PNEC Limit: 2.3 mg/l
dipropyleneglycol methyl	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 19 mg/l

ether
CAS: 34590-94-8

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 1.9 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 70.2 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 7.02 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 4168 mg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent release; PNEC Limit: 190 mg/l

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 2.74 mg/kg

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

CAS: 100-51-6	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 20 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 4 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 110 mg/m3; Consumer: 27 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 22 mg/m3; Consumer: 5.4 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 40 mg/kg; Consumer: 20 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 8 mg/kg; Consumer: 4 mg/kg
dipropyleneglycol methyl ether CAS: 34590-94-8	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 65 mg/kg; Consumer: 15 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 310 mg/m3; Consumer: 37.2 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 1.67 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use contact lenses.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN ISO 374:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness >=0,35mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness >=0,4mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Neoprene gloves are suggested (0,5 mm) not recommended gloves: not waterproof gloves

Respiratory protection:

Personal Protective Equipment should comply with relevant CE standards (as EN ISO 374 for gloves and EN ISO 166 for goggles), correctly maintained and stored. Consult the supplier to check the suitability of equipment against specific chemicals and for user information.

Respiratory protection must be used where exposure levels exceed workplace exposure limits. Refer to appropriate EN standards, like EN 136, 140, 143, 149, 14387 for information on selection and use of appropriate respiratory protection equipment.

In case of insufficient ventilation use mask with ABEKP filters (EN 14387).

Hygienic and Technical measures

Not available

Appropriate engineering controls:

Not available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Appearance: liquid

Colour: transparent

Odour: Characteristic

Odour threshold: Not available
Melting point/freezing point: Not available
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: 100 °C (212 °F)
Flammability: N.A.
Lower and upper explosion limit: Lower and upper explosion limit: Not available
Flash point: Not available
Auto-ignition temperature: Not available
Decomposition temperature: Not available
pH: Not Relevant
Viscosity: 390.00 cPs
Kinematic viscosity: Not available
Solubility in water: Insoluble
Solubility in oil: partly soluble
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): Not available
Vapour pressure: Not available
Density and/or relative density: 1.12 g/cm3
Relative vapour density: Not available
Particle characteristics:
Particle size: Not available

9.2. Other information

Miscibility: Not available
Conductivity: Not available
Explosive properties: ==
No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	The product is classified: Skin Irrit. 2(H315)
c) serious eye damage/irritation	The product is classified: Eye Irrit. 2(H319)
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1B(H317)
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl] propane	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Skin Rabbit = 20 mg/kg
		LD50 Oral Rat = 11300 µL/kg
Oxirane, (chloromethyl)-, polymer with .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl))	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg
	i) STOT-repeated exposure	NOAEL Oral = 250 mg/kg
bis(isopropyl)naphthalene	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 4000 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rat > 4000 mg/kg
		LC50 Inhalation Rat > 5.6 mg/l 4h
		LD50 Skin Rat > 4500 mg/kg
		LC50 Inhalation Rat > 5.64 mg/l 4h
		LD50 Oral Rat = 3900 mg/kg
	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 1620 mg/kg
		LC50 Inhalation Mist Rat = 4.178 mg/l 4h
	g) reproductive toxicity	NOAEL Rat = 1072 mg/m3
dipropyleneglycol methyl ether	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 9500 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 9500 mg/kg
		LD50 Oral Rat = 5.35 g/kg

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 2(H411)

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	CAS: 1675-54-3, 25085-99-8 - EINECS: 216-823-5 - INDEX: 603-073-00-2	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 2 mg/L 96h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 1.8 mg/L 48h

Oxirane, (chloromethyl)-, polymer with .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl))	CAS: 9072-62-2 - EINECS: 618-635-2	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia > 320 mg/L 24
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 100 mg/L 96
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol	CAS: 9003-36-5 - EINECS: 701-263-0	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 5.7 mg/L 96h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 2.55 mg/L 48h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 1.8 mg/L 72h
bis(isopropyl)naphthalene	CAS: 38640-62-9 - EINECS: 254-052-6	b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia = 0.0118 mg/L - 21 d
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LL50 Daphnia = 1.7 mg/L 48
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Cyprinus carpio > 1000 mg/L 96h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oryzias latipes > 1000 mg/L 96h
	CAS: 100-51-6 - EINECS: 202-859-9 - INDEX: 603-057-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 230 mg/L 48
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 770 mg/L 1
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 770 mg/L 72
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 460 mg/L 96
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas = 460 mg/L 96h EPA
dipropyleneglycol methyl ether	CAS: 34590-94-8 - EINECS: 252-104-2	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas > 10000 mg/L 96h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 1919 mg/L 48h IUCLID

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persitence/Degradability:
dipropyleneglycol methyl ether	Readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.7. Other adverse effects

Not available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

A waste code (EWC) according to European List of Waste (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact and send to an authorized waste disposal service.

Methods of disposal:

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Hazardous waste: Yes

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

3082

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (epoxy resins)

IATA-Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (epoxy resins)

IMDG-Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (epoxy resins)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: 9

IATA-Class: 9

IMDG-Class: 9

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: III

IATA-Packing group: III

IMDG-Packing group: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: Yes

Environmental Pollutant: Yes

IMDG-EMS: F-A, S-F

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: 9

ADR-Hazard identification number: 90

ADR-Special Provisions: 274 335 375 601

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 3 (-)

ADR-Limited Quantity threshold: 5 L

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 964

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 964

IATA-Label: 9

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -

IATA-Erg: 9L

IATA-Special Provisions: A97 A158 A197

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage and handling: Category A

IMDG-Segregation: -

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -

IMDG-Special Provisions: 274 335 969

IMDG-EMS: F-A, S-F

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not Applicable

These substances, when carried in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 l or less for liquids, or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 kg or less for solids, are not subject to provisions of ADR, IMDG and IATA DGR.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC (2004/42/EC) : KIT 45.00 g/l - Category : Two-pack reactive performance coatings for specific end use such as floors - Solvent based

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878
Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)
Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013
Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1	Lower-tier threshold (tonnes)	Upper-tier threshold (tonnes)
Product belongs to category: E2	200	500

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 75

SVHC Substances:

SVHC substances not present in a concentration ≥ 0.1% (w/w)

German Water Hazard Class.

Class 3: extremely hazardous.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.1/4/Inhal	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.10/1	Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
3.4.2/1	Skin Sens. 1	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1
3.4.2/1B	Skin Sens. 1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
4.1/C1	Aquatic Chronic 1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1

4.1/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2
4.1/C3	Aquatic Chronic 3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1B, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

If appropriate, specific provisions in relation to possible training for workers are mentioned in section 2. Any training related to safety in the workplace must in any case refer to a risk assessment that must be carried out by a company safety officer taking into account the specific operating and environmental conditions in which the products are used.

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care

KAFH: KAFH

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
N.A.: Not Applicable
N/A: Not Applicable
N/D: Not defined/ Not available
NA: Not available
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PGK: Packaging Instruction
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
PSG: Passengers
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 5: Firefighting measures
- SECTION 6: Accidental release measures
- SECTION 7: Handling and storage
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 14: Transport information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information